Questions and Answers about *The Wisest Investment: Teaching Your Kids to Be Responsible, Independent and Money-Smart for Life (US and CAD Editions).*

Why did you write this book?

I wrote *The Wisest Investment: Teaching Your Kids to be Responsible, Independent and Money-Smart for Life* to help empower the next generation to be responsible, independent and money-smart for life.

How is the US edition different from the original CAD edition?

The main ideas in the book, such as why teaching kids about money is the wisest investment and how to go about it, are universal and evergreen. However, there are significant financial differences between the two countries, such as the cost of healthcare and college. And there also culture differences, and different financial institutions and tax regimes. The book also contained many Canadian references, which weren't relevant to Americans. The US edition has been thoroughly revised for a US reader.

Why are you releasing a US edition in 2024?

Because I'm Canadian, the book I initially wrote was for Canadians. However, the success of that original Canadian edition, and the podcasts and speaking engagements I did in the US, made it clear that Americans also needed help teaching the next generation about money.

High rents and home prices, skyrocketing student loans, elevated interest rates and lingering inflation have all caused concern about the future financial wellbeing of the next generation.

Does research back up the need for a book like *The Wisest Investment*?

According to research, most people believe it is a parent's job to teach their kids about money. And according to a recent study, **64% of students** rely on **parents and family members** as their main source of financial advice.

But **just 15% of parents** reported speaking with their children about household finances **more than once a week** and **31% never discuss** it with their children.

Parents may not know what topics to cover. They may lack guidance on how to bring up financial conversations or simply feel uncomfortable discussing money matters with their children.

Why did you write this book?

As a CPA, I've always felt comfortable and confident around money and financial concepts. And I believe money management is an important life skill, one that I wanted to pass on to my two kids. But writing a book? It wasn't something I had ever really thought about doing. It certainly wasn't on my bucket list (like meeting Bruce Springsteen, which I managed to do in 2007!).

When Justin and Natalie were young, I started to invest in their financial education. I knew that the earlier kids are taught about money, the greater the likelihood of financial success throughout their lives. I tried to put my money where my mouth was and be a good financial role model to them. I took advantage of teachable moments to build money lessons into our daily lives, and I made sure that the information I shared with them (about earning, saving, spending, sharing and investing) was appropriate for their age and maturity (and I still do). Back in 2011, when my kids were 14 and 16, I could already see my efforts were paying off.

After some reflection, I thought to myself, *Maybe I do have a book in me!* Why not write about my own experiences — both rewarding and challenging — and the experiences of other parents? That, combined with solid research, would help parents like you give *your* kids the knowledge, skills and confidence that I gave my own kids. I'm proud to report that they have grown into financially literate, independent and responsible young adults (most of the time!).

Who is the audience for this book?

Parents, grandparents, aunts, uncles and mentors who care about the young people in their lives and want them to be financially responsible, independent and money-smart for life.

It's also for financial advisors and wealth managers who are trying to help their clients teach their kids about money.

If you're thinking: hey, I'm too busy parenting to read a parenting book! don't worry, the information is presented in short, punchy chapters. Plus it doesn't have to be read and digested in one sitting. Just focus on the stage your child is at now.

Tell us about the book's style and structure.

The book is written in a very accessible style, to put parents at ease. Many parents find the whole idea of teaching their kids about money to be overwhelming. They don't know where to start or how to go about it. Others have tried to teach their kids but don't feel they've been successful. Many parents worry that their kids won't be prepared for life's important financial decisions.

Each chapter focuses on a specific age group, starting with young kids, then preteens, teenagers and emerging adults. Within each chapter, I provide detailed guidelines, examples, anecdotes and actions for that stage of your child's life, for each of the five pillars of money: Earn, Save, Spend, Share and Invest. From piggy banks to pay cheques, the book also covers topics like allowance, first jobs, tracking spending and budgeting, fundraising and investing basics, just to name a few.

I believe I've created an engaging and practical resource for parents with kids of all ages, one they will refer to again and again.

Why is teaching kids about money the wisest investment?

Because if we don't teach our kids about money, they:

- Will be **lacking a basic life skill** that could lead to financial struggles and expensive mistakes down the road.
- May suffer physical and mental health consequences of money stress.
- May start to form bad habits, like living beyond their means, which become difficult to break as they get older.

Because if we do teach our kids about money, they:

- Will be **financially literate**. They'll have the knowledge, skills and confidence to make responsible financial decisions at every life stage.
- Will be **financially independent and responsible** be off the payroll, exercise good judgment and make sound financial decisions.
- Have a sense of purpose, not a sense of entitlement and be motivated to achieve something on their own.

What are some of the biggest challenges parents face when trying to teach their kids about money?

- Lack of knowledge.
- Not good with money yourself, hence shame and embarrassment
- Lack of time and opportunity
- Afraid they'll make mistakes or get it wrong

How can parents overcome these challenges and teach their kids? What are three strategies they can use?

Instill solid values in your kids to underpin the knowledge, skills and confidence

- Look for teachable moments to build a money lesson naturally into your day to day lives.
- Try to be a good financial role model so you can lead by example. Try to get your own financial house in order.

How can I get my own financial house in order?

- Practice the eleven healthy habits of financial management, for example...
- You and your kids can learn about money together.

What are the qualities of a good financial role model?

- Someone who puts their money where their mouth is and walks the talk.
- Someone with a strong work ethic, who's not materialistic, who gives their money and/or time to help others.
- Someone who acts, saves and spends with intention.
- Free Financial Role Model self-assessment tool on thewisestinvestment.com

What essential element do many parents overlook when it comes to financial success?

- Using your personal values when you live your values, everything has purpose, including money. Money is an enabler to achieve your life goals.
- Financial knowledge and skills alone are not enough. Kids also need values and discipline to ensure they put their knowledge and skills into action.
- True financial capability is powered by strong life-long values in combination with financial knowledge and skills.

How can parents instill good values in their kids?

- Some will happen by osmosis
- Some will happen by talking about your values and what's important to you (discover your values using the Values Validator free tool on robintaub.com)
- By watching how you behave around money, so make sure your actions and values are aligned!

What are your Top 4 tips for instilling good financial habits?

- Be a good financial role model and leady by example e.g. 11 healthy habits
- Start early. Habits are sticky. They're like well travelled pathways. They create grooves in the mind that rarely disappear completely.
- Practice use that muscle! Make mistakes when stakes are low.
- Automate it e.g. saving and paying yourself first with an automatic transfer.

What is the right age to start teaching?

- Different for each kid
- When they express interest or curiosity
- Usually around age 5, when they start pre-school

How do you go about teaching your kids – is there a framework?

- My book lays out a framework that will help guide you.
- It's based on the Five Pillars of Money: Earn, Save, Spend, Share and Invest
- For each age group, there are specific teaching points, anecdotes, and examples to illustrate

What are your thoughts on kids learning about money from "finfluencers"?

- Finfluencers, or financial influencers, have gained popularity in recent years as teens and young adults search for online financial advice on social media.
- However, just because a finfluencer has a large following, doesn't always mean the advice is worth taking.
- Often, these finfluencers have no formal education or accreditation.
- Encourage your children to seek out trusted, reputable sources.

Do you have any tips for having the money talk, even in challenging economic times?

- Try not to make money a taboo topic. Try to answer any questions openly and honestly
- Keep the information you share age appropriate, taking into account your child's age, maturity and temperament.
- Stress confidentiality.
- Start early and lay the foundation. Prepare kids to make important financial decisions throughout their lives.
- Keep talking about it. The money talk is ongoing.

What mistakes do you see parents making?

- Waiting too long to have the money talk.
- Not talking about money at all just avoiding it because of the challenges I mentioned above.
- Kids who learn about money at home have an advantage they're more confident and optimistic about their financial future and better prepared for the decisions they'll face.
- Canadian students who derived information about money matters from their parents achieved an average score 33 points higher in financial literacy than students who did not obtain such information from their parents: <u>PISA</u> results
- Thinking they must be perfect themselves to teach their kids. You don't. We can all learn from our mistakes. You and your kids can learn together.

What common misconceptions or confusion do teenagers and young adults often have about credit cards?

- Many are naïve about how credit cards work
- They don't realize that using a credit card means they're actually borrowing money, not getting "free money"
- They may also be unfamiliar with the credit card cycle of charging, grace period, bill payment
- They may not understand the difference between the balance owing and the minimum payment

Why is it important for young people to get their own credit card and use it responsibly?

- To build a positive credit history and a good credit score
- A higher credit score means you're more likely to qualify for a loan at a lower rate of interest
- Prospective landlords and employers may check your credit score as an indication of financial responsibility